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UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/525,510	03/15/2000	Marcus Peinado	MSFT-0135/147325.1	9494

41505	7590	07/07/2006	EXAMINER

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ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
3621	

DATE MAILED: 07/07/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE <u>3</u> MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

1)☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on *29 June 2006*.

2a)☒ This action is **FINAL**.   2b)☐ This action is non-final.

3)☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

4)☒ Claim(s) *1-9,11-14,17-32,34-37 and 40-46* is/are pending in the application.

   4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.

5)☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.

6)☒ Claim(s) *1-9,11-14,17-32,34-37 and 40-46* is/are rejected.

7)☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.

8)☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.

10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.

   Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).

   Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).

11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

12)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).

   a)☐ All   b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:

   1.☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.

   2.☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.

   3.☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

   * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

1)☐ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)

2)☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)

3)☐ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____.

4)☐ Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____ .

5)☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)

6)☐ Other: _____.

DETAILED ACTION

1.   This is in response to an amendment filed April 25th, 2006.

2.   No claim has been amended

3.   No claim has been canceled

4.   No claim has been added.

5.   Claims 1-9, 11-14, 17-32, 34-37 and 40-46 remain pending.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

6.   The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all

obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

> (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in
> section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are
> such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person
> having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the
> manner in which the invention was made.

7.   Claims 1-9, 11-14, 17-32, 34-37 and 40-46 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being

unpatentable over Minear et al (U.S. Patent No. 5,983,350) in view of Holden et al (U.S. PG Pub

No. 2005/0010766 A1)

8.   As per claims 1 and 24, Minear et al teach a method/computer readable medium for

releasing digital content to a rendering application the rendering application for forwarding the

digital content to an ultimate destination by way of a path there between, the path being defined

by at least one module, the digital content initially being in an encrypted form comprising

decrypting the encrypted digital content if in fact each such defining module is to be trusted and

forwarding the decrypted digital content to the rendering application for further forwarding to the

ultimate destination by way of the authenticated path *(see column 2 lines 52-4 line 11, 4 lines 37*

47, 5 lines 34-6 line 2). Minear et al fail to teach or suggest performing an authentication of at

least a portion of the path determine whether each defining module thereof is to be trusted to

appropriately handle the digital content passing there through, traversing the at least a portion of

the path to develop a map of each module in the path; and authenticating each module in the map

and receiving from the module a certificate as issued by a certifying authority; and determining

from the received certificate whether such received certificate is acceptable for purposes of

authenticating the module. However, Holden et al teach a system for performing an

authentication of at least a portion of the path determine whether each defining module thereof is

to be trusted to appropriately handle the digital content passing there through, traversing the at

least a portion of the path to develop a map of each module in the path; and authenticating each

module in the map and receiving from the module a certificate as issued by a certifying

authority; and determining from the received certificate whether such received certificate is

acceptable for purposes of authenticating the module *(see fig 1, 2, paragraphs 0033, 0047, 0089,*

0095, 0182, 0196, 0210). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art

at the time the invention was made to modify the Minear et al's system to include Holden et al's

system for performing an authentication of at least a portion of the path determine whether each

defining module thereof is to be trusted to appropriately handle the digital content passing there

through, traversing the at least a portion of the path to develop a map of each module in the path;

and authenticating each module in the map and receiving from the module a certificate as issued

by a certifying authority; and determining from the received certificate whether such received

certificate is acceptable for purposes of authenticating the module because this would have

ensure communication among computer systems in an insecure network readily occurs in an

authenticated manner. Further, the signed object exchange utilizes available resources in an

innovative and straightforward manner, while achieving communication techniques that are

resistant to replay attacks and exportable.

9.   As per claims 2 and 25, Minear et al teach a method/computer readable medium further

comprising scrambling the digital content upon such digital content being outputted from the

rendering application to the path such that the scrambled digital content enters the user mode

portion of the path, such scrambled digital content then passing through the modules that define

the user mode portion of the path and transiting from the user mode portion to the kernel portion

of the path; and de-scrambling the scrambled digital content upon such scrambled digital content

transiting from the user mode portion to the kernel portion *(see column 2 lines 52-4 line 11, 4*

lines 37-47, 5 lines 34-6 line 20).

10.   As per claims 3 and 26, Minear et al teach a method/computer readable medium

comprising de-scrambling the scrambled digital content by way of a de-scrambling module *(see*

column 2 lines 52-4 line 11, 4 lines 37-47, 5 lines 34-6 line 20).

11.   As per claims 4 and 27, Minear et al teach a method/computer readable medium

comprising de-scrambling the scrambled digital content in the kernel portion of the path *(see*

column 2 lines 52-4 line 11, 4 lines 37-47, 5 lines 34-6 line 20).

12.   As per claims 5 and 28, Minear et al teach a method/computer readable medium

comprising performing an authentication of at least a portion of the kernel portion of the path to

determine whether each defining module thereof is to be trusted to appropriately handle the

digital content passing there through *(see column 2 lines 52-4 line 11, 4 lines 3-47, 5 lines 34-6*

line 20).

13.   As per claims 6 and 29, Minear et al teach a method/computer readable medium wherein

the path includes a user·mode portion and a kernel portion, the method comprising performing an

authentication of at least a portion of the kernel portion of the path to determine whether each

defining module thereof is to be trusted to appropriately handle the digital content passing there

through *(see column 2 lines 52-4 line 3, 4 lines 3-47, 5 lines 34-6 line 20).*

14.   As per claims 7 and 30, Minear et al teach a method/computer readable medium further

comprising scrambling the digital content upon such digital content being outputted from the

rendering application to the path such that the scrambled digital content enters the user mode

portion of the path, such scrambled digital content then passing through the modules that define

the user mode portion of the path and transiting from the user mode portion to the kernel portion

of the path; and de-scrambling the scrambled digital content upon such scrambled digital content

transiting from the user mode portion to the kernel portion *(see column 2 lines 52-4 line 11, 4*

lines 37-47, 5 lines 34-6 line 20).

15.   As per claims 8 and 31, Minear et al teach a method/computer readable medium

comprising de-scrambling the scrambled digital content by way of a de-scrambling module *(see*

column 2 lines 52-4 line 11, 4 lines 3-47, 5 lines 34-6 line 20).

16.   As per claims 9 and 32, Minear et al teach a method/computer readable medium

comprising de-scrambling the scrambled digital content in the kernel portion of the path *(see*

column 2 lines 52-4 line 11, 4 lines 3-47, 5 lines 34-6 line 20).

17.   As per claims 11 and 34, Minear et al teach a method/computer readable medium

wherein performing the authentication further comprises ignoring each module not in the map

(see column 2 lines 52-4 line 11, 4 lines 37-47, 5 lines 34-6 line 20) .

18.   As per claims 12 and 35, Minear et al teach a method/computer readable medium

wherein performing the authentication comprises authenticating an initial module determining all

first destination modules that receive data from such initial module authenticating each such first

destination module, determining all second destination modules that receive data from each 'such

first destination module, iteratively repeating the authenticating and determining steps for third,

fourth, fifth, etc. destination modules until each module in such at least a portion of the path had

been determined and authenticated *(see column 2 lines 52-4 line 11, 4 lines 37-47, 5 lines 34-6*

line 20).

19.   As per claims 13 and 36, Minear et al teach a method/computer readable medium

wherein authenticating the initial module comprises authenticating a module in the at least a

portion of the path that is to receive the digital content before any other module in the at least a

portion of the path, whereby the initial module leads to fully determining all other modules that

define the at least a portion of the path *(see column 2 Lines 52-4 line 11, 4 lines 37-47, 5 lines 6*

line 20).

20.   As per claims 14 and 37, Minear et al teach a method/computer readable medium

comprising employing a database device to keep track of all modules determined to be in the at

least a portion of the path, whereby already-determined modules in the at least a portion of the

path can be recognized *(see column 2 lines 52-4 line 11, 4 Lines 3-47, 5 Lines 34-6 Line 20).*

21.   As per claims 17 and 40, Minear et al teach a method/computer readable medium further

comprising receiving the revocation list from a certifying authority; storing the received

revocation list in a secure location *(see column 2 lines 52-4 line 11, 4 lines 3-47, 5 lines 34-6 line*

20).

22.   As per claims 18 and 41, Minear et al teach a method/computer readable medium

wherein performing an authentication further comprises refusing to decrypt the encrypted digital

content if at least one module in the at least a portion of the path fails to provide an acceptable

certificate *(see column 2 lines 52-4 line 11, 4 lines 3-47, 5 lines 34-6 line 20)*.

23.   As per claims 19 and 42, Minear et al teach a method/computer readable medium

wherein performing an authentication further comprises decrypting the encrypted digital content

if all the modules in the at least a portion of the path provide an acceptable certificate *(see*

column 2 lines 52-4 line 11, 4 lines 3-47, 5 lines 34-6 line 20).

24.   As per claims 20 and 43, Minear et al teach a method/computer readable medium

wherein performing an authentication further comprises, for each module in the at least a portion

of the path that fails to provide an acceptable certificate defining a sub-portion of the path

including the non-providing module, scrambling the digital content upon such digital content

entering the tunnel portion of the path such scrambled digital content then passing through the

modules that define the sub-portion of the path; and de-scrambling the scrambled digital content

upon such scrambled digital content exiting from the sub-portion of the path; and declaring the

sub-portion trustworthy *(see column 2 lines 52-4 line 11, 4 lines 3-47, 5 lines 34-6 line 20)*.

25.   As per claims 21 and 44, Minear et al teach a method/computer readable medium

wherein the path includes a user mode portion and a kernel portion, the method comprising

performing an authentication of the user mode portion of the path and of the kernel portion of the

path to determine whether each defining module thereof is to be trusted to appropriately handle

the digital content passing there through *(see column 2 lines 52-4 line 11, 4 lines 3-47, 5 lines 34-6 line 20).*

26.   As per claims 22 and 45, Minear et al teach a method/computer readable medium wherein the path includes a tunneled portion, the method further comprising scrambling the digital content upon such digital content entering the tunneled portion of the path, such scrambled digital content then passing through the modules that define the tunneled portion of the path; and de-scrambling the scrambled digital content upon such scrambled digital content exiting from the tunneled portion of the path, and wherein performing an authentication comprises performing an authentication of at least a portion of the path external to the tunneled portion of the path to determine whether each defining module thereof is to be trusted to appropriately handle the digital content passing there through, an authentication of the tunneled portion being unnecessary *(see column 2 lines 52-4 line 11, 4 lines 3-47, 5 lines 34-6 line 20).*

27.   As per claims 23 and 46, Minear et al teach a method/computer readable medium wherein the path includes a user mode portion, a kernel portion, and a tunneled portion in the user mode portion, the method further comprising scrambling the digital content upon such digital content entering the tunneled portion of the user mode portion of the path, such scrambled digital content then passing through the modules that define the tunneled portion of the user mode portion of the path, and de-scrambling the scrambled digital content upon such scrambled digital content exiting from the tunneled portion of the user mode portion of the path and wherein performing an authentication comprises performing an authentication of at least a

portion of the path external to the tunneled portion of the user mode portion of the path to

determine whether each defining module thereof is to be trusted to appropriately handle the

digital content passing there through, an authentication of the tunneled portion being unnecessary

(see column 2 lines 52-4 line 11, 4 lines 3-47, 5 lines 34-6 line 20).

Response to Arguments

28.   Applicant's arguments filed April 25th, 2006 have been fully considered but they are not

persuasive.

      a.   Applicant argues that the prior arts taken alone or in combination fail to teach a

certifying authority issuing a certificate to a module as part of the path authentication

process. Examiner respectfully disagrees with Applicant characterization of the prior art.

Upon a careful revision of the disclosure and the claimed, Examiner determined that

Applicant is arguing a concept that is not claimed in the disclosure. Applicant discloses

the limitation of "authenticating each module in the map and receiving from the module a

certificate as issued by a certifying authority." Examiner is confused as to what Applicant

is arguing that the prior fail to teach. The Applicant fail to claim "certifying authority

issuing a certificate to a module as part of the path authentication process." Therefore, the

rejection is sustained and made final.

Conclusion

29.   **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time

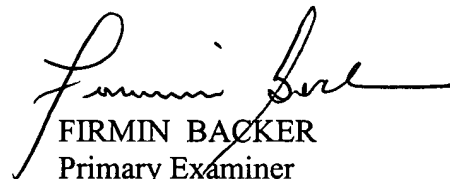policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE

MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO

MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after

the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period

will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37

CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event,

however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing

date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to FIRMIN BACKER whose telephone number is 571-272-6703.

The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Thursday 9:00 AM - 5:00 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, James Trammell can be reached on (571) 272-6712. The fax phone number for the

organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent

Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications

may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished

applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR

system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR

system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would

like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated

information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

FIRMIN BACKER
Primary Examiner
Art Unit 3621

June 29, 2006